A People Focused Approach to Understanding Future Travel Nick Bec and Matt Chilvers

ARUP



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Multi-modal journeys with intermodal transfers

Traffic Flows @ 9am

Electric Vehicle Scenario

EV Proportion by Scenario



Consistent with DfT Common Analytic Scenarios: Vehicle-led Decarbonisation



Emissions from all modes Urban centres Roads clearly shown





Change from baseline Roughly proportional to vehicle km

LGV reduction on trunk roads



Emissions (CO2e)



Emissions from all modes

2040 Baseline





Proportion of Emissions by Vehicle Type



Emissions by Income Group (kg CO2e per person)



Trip Change: High EV Scenario



Car trips in 2040 Baseline are approximately 7 million, so >63,000 new trips

Vehicle km



2019 Baseline

2040 Baseline

2040 High EV

Proportion of Short Trips by Active Modes





Flow change from High EV scenario

Increase in blue, decrease in orange

High EV Scenario

What did we learn from the model?

Opportunities

- High EV uptake really reduces emissions
- High income people decarbonise themselves

Challenges

- This only gets us slightly more than halfway
- HGVs are not decarbonised
- Even EVs are not zero carbon
- We need to discourage EV trip growth for short trips
- Achieving these EV % will be challenging

ABM as an Assessment Tool

Regional and local impacts

We can look regionally, locally, and on specific areas with an integrated transport network

High level of detail to aid assessment



Temporal, spatial, equity angles all possible within the model, and able to be extended

People, not vehicle based



We see complex behavioural responses from people based on their experiences

Flexibility to assess multiple questions



We can look at carbon, mode share, equity impacts, network impacts, and much more in a single model

Thank you!



